

MAYOR BASKIN RETURNS.

The Bill to Increase the City's Indebtedness.

IS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

IT WILL PROBABLY BE FAVORABLY REPORTED UPON.

His Honor's Presentation of the Matter Before the Senate Committee—His Honor No Longer Opposes Statehood—Business Matters in The East.

Mayor Baskin returned from Washington yesterday evening at 5 o'clock, on the delayed Union Pacific passenger. Although nearly worn out by the long overland trip his honor accorded a Herald reporter an interview last night and told briefly of his visit to the national capital and the work he did there for the city and his clients in several great mining cases now before the Supreme Court of the United States.

The bill allowing Salt Lake city to increase her bonded indebtedness from 4 to 8 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the taxable property is now under consideration by both the Senate and House committees, the former the Committee on Territories, and the latter subcommittee, and I was assured by the members of both committees that it would be favorably reported soon after the holidays, said the mayor. "The bill will be introduced into a law within the next few weeks, if present indications are not all amiss. The matter should have been presented to the Senate committee shortly after my arrival but was delayed until last Thursday morning when a special meeting of the committee was called and I went before it. The case was laid plainly before the members of the committee, the argument being used that Salt Lake is now in a position when she must have money with which to carry on her government. This year's taxes have nearly all been used up, the bond limit has been reached, and where to get the necessary money for ordinary expenses is the serious problem which confronts the incoming administration. The added 2 per cent. would give us a little over \$500,000, but my idea is not to float that amount of bonds, but just sufficient to carry on the city government, economically administered, and complete the numerous improvements now under way, including the joint city and county building and the gravity sewer system. In my arguments I set out the fact that lack of ready money with which to immediately complete these necessary improvements would cause a great loss to the municipality through damages which might be done to them by the action of the elements. The people are not just now in a position to bear any more hardships in the way of additional taxation, and the city has reached that position where financial assistance is absolutely necessary. During the argument the subject of statehood for Utah was touched upon incidentally, and I remarked that we were now almost certain that we would soon be one of the United States. The completion of the joint city and county building would make room for the state offices and the legislature until a state house was erected, which would not be for several years yet, at least. The members of the committee, however, were assured of hearty support from nearly every senator and congressman who was approached on the subject. We need the money and must have it. There will be no difficulty in disposing of the bonds at a good figure. The city is now flooded with idle capital, and I am not badly mistaken, money will be cheaper within the next month or two than it has been for many years. I was pleased at the success the board of education had in disposing of its bonds at such a good figure. That was just what we needed, for the condition of the eastern money market. It was very unfortunate that the city was forced by circumstances to sell its last issue of bonds below par but there was no help for it. We had payments to complete, the joint building to get under roof and the gravity sewer to push forward as fast as possible. In addition to the running expenses of the city government to pay without any money to pay them with, to sell at a large discount took the issue characterized me very much but there was only one course open for us and we took it. Now we can get par and over for our bonds. Our water system alone will pay off the city's indebtedness in twenty years."

"Along the last reports which will be made by the committee on territories of the Senate after the holidays will be one recommending that the enabling act for the admission of Utah to statehood be passed by the House, receive favorable action at the hands of the Senate, in my private opinion," said the mayor, when asked for an expression on the subject of statehood. "Of course, there are a number of senators who favor tacking Utah onto Nevada but both Stewart and Jones are opposing it. The opposition and there seems to be no fear that the state and territory will be merged into one. While in Washington I was approached by a large number of congressmen, who, knowing that in the past I had made a vigorous fight against the admission of the territory to the union, were desirous of securing an expression of my present opinion. To them all I said was no longer opposing statehood for Utah, but, on the contrary, was in favor of it. The territory is ready for the robes of statehood and that her people are prepared for the honors of statehood. The general opinion is that the territory will be admitted at once and that the president will sign the bill without question. There is but little opposition to the proposition and that is fast fading away. Considerable surprise was expressed at the result of the recent legislative election and the Republicans are inclined to exult over what they term a splendid victory. They are of the opinion that this will be a Republican state."

"Last Thursday was a busy day for me. In the morning I laid the bond matter before the Senate and House committees and in the afternoon argued my cases before the supreme court, taking the evening train for home. The trip back was a hard one. The weather was intensely cold, especially when we reached Omaha, and when coming over the mountains. "Business in the east is terribly depressed and the people are doing more huddled than ever. Soup houses have been established in all of the large cities, and in some which are not so large, and many people are daily fed from them. A great deal of money is very plentiful the owners are at a loss to find what they consider safe investments. It is not now a money famine but money glut. Speaking of local affairs the mayor was very noncommittal, but expressed his commendation of the good work being done by the police department in holding the criminal element in check. Under the new administration he will have several improvements to suggest, however. The mayor takes pride in the department and is determined to aid it all in his power in the suppression of vice and the carrying out of the city ordinances. This morning his honor will be at his desk prepared for business."

American and Foreign Railroads. Secretary Moseley, of the Interstate Commerce commission, recently stated before a railway club that the United States had the most effective body of

workers on railways in the world. The railways of England require the services of eighteen men to the mile of line; Germany and France fourteen men per mile; Russia, fifteen men per mile; Belgium, twenty-two men per mile; while the railways of this country in their vast mileage require the services of only five men per mile of line. While average wages in this country are twice as great, the cost of labor on American lines is less than to the railways of any country in Europe. Labor costs the railways of Great Britain \$9.00 per mile; Belgium, \$4.00 per mile; Russia, \$3.00 per mile; Germany, \$3.50 per mile; France, \$3.00 per mile; while the railways of the United States pay only \$2.25 per mile of line—less than one-half the cost per mile for labor on British railways and nearly one-half that paid in Belgium.—Kansas City Star.

What a Man Eats in a Life Time.

A man who lives to the limit of three-score years and ten, if in fairly good health and an average appetite, will have eaten in that time about 15,000 pounds of meat, about 25,000 eggs and 5,000 pounds of fish, chicken and game. He will also have consumed about 12,000 gallons of various fluids, or enough to make a lake covering four blocks in extent and two feet deep. In other words, he will have eaten four tons of food and drunk 300 barrels of liquid refreshment.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

BENCH AND BAR.

ARTICLE IV.

Among the most distinguished members of the Utah bar is the Hon. Franklin S. Richards. Mr. Richards is a Utah product. Salt Lake is his native city, to which he is a credit. He was born forty-four years ago and is therefore in the prime of life. He was over 21 years of age before taking up the study of law. In 1870 he left Salt Lake and took up his residence in Ogden where he remained until 1884 when he returned to his native city. He studied law in the office of the late Judge John H. Williams, who was admitted to the bar in 1874. He served Weber county in the capacity of county clerk for a term and afterwards as county attorney. During the time he was county attorney he greatly distinguished himself as a prosecutor, there being more cases at that time in the office than there is now as most of the duties now devolving upon the United States district attorney had to be performed by the county attorney. After being admitted to the bar he became associated with R. K. Williams, a prominent Kentucky lawyer, and under the firm name of Richards & Williams these two gentlemen did a lucrative and extensive law business in the Junction city. In 1884 Mr. Richards removed to Salt Lake and opened a law office. In the following year he was appointed to the office of city attorney of Salt Lake which he held for two terms of two years each. He formed a partnership with J. H. Williams, who was taken into partnership with Mr. Richards & Williams, and later when a son of the former, Joseph Richards, was taken into partnership. Mr. Richards & Williams continued to do business for about two years, when it was dissolved by mutual consent. The Messrs. Richards then formed a partnership with Mr. Williams, who was taken into partnership with Mr. Richards & Williams, and later when a son of the former, Joseph Richards, was taken into partnership. Mr. Richards & Williams continued to do business for about two years, when it was dissolved by mutual consent. The Messrs. Richards then formed a partnership with Mr. Williams, who was taken into partnership with Mr. Richards & Williams, and later when a son of the former, Joseph Richards, was taken into partnership.

Among the more important questions raised by Mr. Richards and adjudicated by the court of last resort in his case was the question of the disfranchisement of all persons who had ever practiced polygamy. The court held that such action could only be had by the legislature. Another question involving the powers of the Utah Commission, "to disfranchise people without trial," raised in the case of Murphy vs. Ramsey, and in the case of Angus Cannon vs. the United States on the question of what constituted unlawful cohabitation, were also disposed of. In the latter case Mr. Richards appeared for plaintiff and prevailed, the court holding that it consisted of living with more than one woman as a wife, and not actual cohabitation with other women. Other notable cases in which he was attorney were Salt Lake city vs. O. J. Hollister, collected in suits to recover revenue tax from government on the part of the city, also that of Lorenzo Snow, convicted and sentenced on three counts of unlawful cohabitation. He is also retained by the city of Salt Lake on the ground that one conviction only for the same offense could be established. The case had been previously argued in the Supreme Court and dismissed for want of jurisdiction. In the case of Nielsen, convicted of unlawful cohabitation and adultery, a release was granted on the ground that the offense only was committed in the matter of Samuel Davis vs. H. G. Reason, in regard to the validity of the "test oath" prohibiting members of the Mormon church from voting. In the court held the same valid. As the attorney of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints vs. United States, he argued in the Supreme Court, a corporation and confiscated its property. Mr. Richards has been indefatigable, having been detained in Washington during the greater part of the past ten years on behalf of the territory. He has also appeared many times before the committees of Congress and submitted arguments and statements in regard to the condition of Utah, both in regard to its resources and its local religious conditions. For twelve years he has been the chief attorney of the leading church of the Mormon church, and has associated with men of national reputation in the trial of many cases, is one of the best known practitioners before the United States Supreme Court, has an extensive acquaintance with the most prominent of lawyers and statesmen, and is regarded as one of the ablest men in the legal fraternity of Utah or the country.

Mr. Richards is a power in the political arena. On the dissolution of the People's party he allied himself with the Democrats, among whom he has become an eminent leader and director. In the days of the People's party he was twice elected to the council of the territory, and at one session of which he was the president. He was elected delegate to Congress in 1882 and chairman of the delegation from convicts to the constitutional convention. Mr. Richards is a hard and conscientious worker in his profession; he is in the full vigor of mental and physical manhood, and judging from his past, gives promise of becoming one of the greatest lawyers of the nation. Socially he is pleasant and affable, an accomplished conversationalist and a delightful companion. He has a wife, who is a fitting companion for such a man and whose name is identified with many public movements for the advancement of the territory, particularly in the realm of women. They are devoted to each other and to their family, and have an elegant home on A street.

CHANCELLOR KENT, JR. Beecham's Pills cure Sick-Headache, 16 Ladies we give guarantee to permanently cure any case no matter how long standing, of pain and irregular periods. Try Dr. de Jona's world renowned prescription and be convinced. We sell one trial box to each person for \$2.00. Send for testimonials or call on lady manager, Salt Lake Medicine Co., 56 West Second South street, city.

IN RAILROAD CIRCLES.

Additional News Concerning the Nevada Southern Road.

THE BONDS ARE FLOATED.

A CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTING THIRTY MILES JUST LET.

Mr. Colbrann Talks About the Effect of the Appointment of a Receiver for the Santa Fe Upon the Colorado Midland—Notes.

Now comes the news that President Blake of the Nevada Southern, the new road which is pushing toward the iron and coal fields of Utah, has floated \$400,000 bonds of the road and in consequence contracts for thirty more miles of road have been let. A Los Angeles dispatch received in this city yesterday says: "General Manager Slichter of the Nevada Southern is in this city today from Vanderbilt. He stated that he had received telegraphic advices from President Blake in New York to the effect that he had sold \$400,000 of the bonds of the road for cash at a very satisfactory price. The results of this sale, together with what resources are on hand, will be used to extend the line from Vanderbilt to Good Springs, a distance of thirty miles, making sixty miles of track almost in a line for Salt Lake city. This extension is expected to be completed by the end of the year. The contractors are ready and work will be commenced at once. The extension to be completed in four months."

THE COLORADO MIDLAND.

Effect of the Santa Fe Receivership On That Road.

The announcement that the Santa Fe had gone into the hands of a receiver was made to Mr. Colbrann last night at 8 o'clock, as he was sitting in the rotunda of the Brown Palace hotel, says the Denver Sun.

"I had anticipated and feared it," said Mr. Colbrann to the Sun reporter, "but I confess I did not expect it quite as soon as this. You are the first to break the news to me. I have supposed that Mr. Reinhart had perfected all his financial arrangements so that this could not have happened. It is a sad piece of news, however, and is entirely caused by the death of George C. Magoun, chairman of the board of directors. Mr. Magoun's death occurred on Wednesday night and while it was expected by large bodies of people, he had not been able to keep his financial affairs in his own hands. Mr. Magoun was a successful banker in New York and was probably the wealthiest of the Santa Fe stockholders. Whenever the road was in a tight place in regard to money matters, Mr. Magoun was both able and willing to step in and help them out. Deprived of his counsel and the power of his name a distrust has been created which has resulted in the appointment of a receiver. Another cause is the extraordinary condition of affairs in New York. I suppose one has heard of the panic of this week this has been in this city."

"What effect will this have on Colorado?" Mr. Colbrann was asked. "None whatever," the road never was paying better and the best part of the season is to come. There is absolutely no cause for alarm in Colorado, and there will be no change in the all-probability. So far this year the road has earned all fixed charges and the earnings for October and November of this year are greatly in excess of last year. They have probably failed to make collections to pay the interest due on January 1, and this has also been an indirect cause. The road had \$2,750,000 to pay on the 1st of January. "Do you think it possible," Mr. Colbrann, that the English stockholders of the Colorado Midland will take action similar to that of ex-Governor Evans and demand a separate receiver for the road?" "No," at all," replied Mr. Colbrann. "The cases are entirely different. The entire stock of the Midland was bought by the Santa Fe road and the English stockholders have no voice in the matter. They can have it to demand a new receiver in case they are dissatisfied with the one appointed by the court. The Santa Fe has an immense quantity of business on hand. Not one-twentieth of the corn crop in Kansas has been moved as yet and I understand that the fruit crop of California is immense. Then there is also the winter wheat crop to be moved in California. In fact, the managers have looked to the future and an immense increase of business that orders have been given for 100 new locomotives and 3,000 cars of all descriptions. The usual procedure of receivers on all railroads, you will have seen, is to take at once perfect the stock and equipment of a road. I expect that all these orders will be carried out and the road will be in the rolling stock greatly improved and increased."

"The greatest calamity will be in New England, where thousands and thousands of dollars have been invested in Santa Fe stocks. The largest part of the Santa Fe stock was owned in Boston and it will be a very disastrous period for the east. All roads will be indirectly affected by the greatest calamity is the lack of confidence it will cause. "Will the Midland Terminal be affected, Mr. Colbrann?" "Not in the least. The money for that road has all been subscribed, the bonds are placed and the road will go on as usual. "Do you think you will be appointed to the receivership, Mr. Colbrann?" "There will probably be two appointed and possibly three. Of course Mr. Reinhart was the first choice, but the confidence of 99 per cent. of the stockholders and directors, and no one doubts his ability to cope with any emergency. Of course I cannot tell who the other one will be but if I were to guess I would say that John J. McCook, of New York, the general counsel of the road, would be the other. It is possible that the other receiver may be a western man, probably from Kansas, in which state the road has the greatest interests."

"One thing I want understood above all other things," concluded Mr. Colbrann, "is that the road has been caused by any mismanagement. I have no account of the death of George C. Magoun and the failure to meet the interest on the first of the year."

Railway Notes. The trunk lines carried only 136,354

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder. The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum, Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

passengers from New York to Chicago during the World's fair. After January 1 the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railway will carry clergymen and Sisters of Charity for half fare.

The Southern Pacific railway denies that it intends to abate the tramp nuisance by carrying armed men on its freight trains.

C. F. Huntington has obtained judgment against the Chesapeake & Ohio railway for \$33,000 for money advanced to buy rolling stock.

Evansville Events. Evansville, Wyo., Dec. 24.—The telegraphic news item appearing in your issue of the 13th inst., probably received through the Associated Press, stating that the general belief here was the first in No. 1 mines at Almy, was the work of an incendiary, came near getting your special correspondent into serious trouble. The citizens of Almy, as a class, are law-abiding citizens and want to be known as such all over the country, so when a report gets into circulation that such careless work as the above would indicate is going on in their midst, they consider it an injustice. The miners held a mass meeting last Thursday for the purpose of considering the article above referred to, and resolved to condemn it as a malicious lie, or sent by an ignoramus who knew nothing of the condition of the coal mines of the country. It is granted that your humble servant was the guilty one and a committee was sent over to Evansville "with blood in their eyes." We endeavored to explain matters to the satisfaction of all concerned, however, but the miners are anxious to know who originated the report, and perhaps destruction of their families. It is not known just how the fire started and perhaps never will be, but anyone who is at all familiar with coal mines knows that fire often start when it is impossible to find out how they originated.

Ice about three feet in thickness is now being stored away in private ice houses. Mr. Henry Danks, one of the earliest settlers of this country, died in this city last night at 10 o'clock. He had received a heavy fall last summer from which he never recovered and it is thought that this brought about his death. Professor Garlich conceived the idea of giving a supper, dance, etc., to all the children of Evansville and vicinity, and the same will be carried out at the opera house on Friday evening. The professor is assisted by several prominent ladies of the town. The snow is now about three inches deep in this "neck of the woods."

A Time for Everything.

An old French shoemaker who boasted that nothing could frighten him was put to the test by two young men. One of them pretended to be dead, and the other, going to the shoemaker, induced him to sit up with the supposed corpse. The shoemaker was in a bad way, but he had promised to have completed the next morning, so he took his tools and leather and began working beside the corpse. About 12 o'clock at night a cup of black coffee was brought him to keep him awake. He drank it and resumed his work. About 1 o'clock the coffee, having exhilarated him, and foreboding that he was in the presence of death, he commenced singing a lively tune, keeping time with his hammer. Suddenly the corpse arose and exclaimed: "When a man's a corpse, he should never speak."—Washington Post.

Scrofula is one of the most fatal among the scourges which afflict mankind. Chronic sores, cancerous tumors, eruptions and consumption are the result of scrofula. Ayer's Sarsaparilla eradicates this poison and restores to the blood the elements of life and health.

Kuemmel, Fernet, Absentee, etc., at the Chicago Liquor House.

The Rio Grande Western and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railways are now giving the traveling public the finest service ever offered in the west. The only line running Pleasanton, Kansas Sleeping cars between Ogden, Salt Lake city and Chicago without change and "free" Pullman Reclining chair between Ogden, Salt Lake city, Denver and Chicago.

Christmas and New Year Holidays.

Excursions via Union Pacific. For the holidays the Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets at rate of one fare for the round trip to any point in Utah, also to any point on the Union Pacific, valid outside of Utah within distance of 250 miles and to all points in Colorado.

Tickets to be sold Dec. 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th and January 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th.

Tickets sold to Colorado points will be good for return until Jan. 15th.

Only \$4.20 to Mantle and Return via Union Pacific & Sanpete Valley Railroad.

During the holidays the Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets to Mantle and intermediate points on Sanpete Valley railroad good for return until January 4, 1894.

J. H. Leyson Co. repairs watches and jewelry and manufactures special designs.

Bulard's Borehound Syrup.

We guarantee this to be the best cough syrup manufactured in the whole wide world. It is saying a great deal, but it is true. For consumption, colds, croup, sore throat, sore chest, pneumonia, bronchitis, asthma, croup, whooping cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, we positively guarantee Bulard's Borehound Syrup to be without an equal on the whole face of the globe. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S BANK,

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Established - 1852

Transacts a General Banking Business.

J. E. DOOLY, - - - - - Cashier.

SEMI-WEEKLY HERALD.

C. W. FENNER, Editor, Published

Wednesdays

AND

Saturdays.

Is unexcelled as an advertising medium for all who desire to reach the people in the counties of Utah, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico and Arizona. Well suited over



Mr. Chas. N. Hauer

Of Frederick, Md., suffered terribly for over ten years with abscesses and running sores on his left leg. He wasted away, grew weak and thin, and was obliged to use crutches and crutches. Everything which could be thought of was done without good result, until he began taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla which effected a perfect cure. Mr. Hauer is now in the best of health. Full particulars of his case will be sent to all who address C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

Chas. S. Burton, Manager.

Tuesday & Wednesday, Dec. 26-27.

STOCK COMPANY'S GREATEST HIT.

"House Packed From Pit to Dome."

The Great American Melodrama

Shadows

Great City.

SPECIAL PRICES:

50c, 35c, 25c, 15c.

NEXT ATTRACTION:

Children's Grand Holiday Ball Friday, Dec. 29th. Prices, Children, 25c. Adults 50c.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE,

52 Commercial Street,

A. W. BASSETT, Manager.

Pauline and Lee.

Sketch Artists.

CHAS. EDDY'S

FLYING TRAPSE.

SPANISH ARTISTS

THE MISSES BARRETT & LEVETIA,

Song and Dance Artists.

WONDERLAND,

2nd South St., next to Cullion Hotel

Week commencing Thursday, Dec. 21.

BIJOU THEATRE.

MILES METEORS.

THEATROUS.

MUSSETTE.

Myra Collins in the Title Role.

R. G. RICHVILLE,

156 S. W. TEMPLE ST.

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF SECOND-

hand goods. Highest Cash prices paid for an unlimited amount of Furniture and House-

hold goods, in large or small lots.

Buyers will find the best assortment of first-class goods which will be sold at lowest prices.

Parties having furniture to dispose of, will do well to call, before going elsewhere.

"WE GIVE IT"

order a Pair of

OUR 3.50

TROUSERS

And Be Convinced

(Satisfaction)

GABEL THE TAILOR

65 West Second South Street.

SAPONIFIER

Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILIAR SOAP MAKING.

Hard, Soft, Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for

SAPONIFIER, and take no other.

Penn's Salt Mfg Co., Philadelphia

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S

BANK,

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Established - 1852

Transacts a General Banking Business.

J. E. DOOLY, - - - - - Cashier.

SEMI-WEEKLY HERALD.

C. W. FENNER, Editor, Published

Wednesdays

AND

Saturdays.

Is unexcelled as an advertising medium for all who desire to reach the people in the counties of Utah, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico and Arizona. Well suited over

12,500 Copies per Week.

\$3.00 PER YEAR.

LAST CALL

TO-DAY! SATURDAY!

Is the Last Day to Do Your Buying Before . . .

CHRISTMAS

Walker Bros. & Fyler Co.

CUT AND SLASH PRICES

In Every Department.

Holiday Goods

Holiday Goods

AT HALF PRICE.

Come and See Us. We Will Give You More Good Values Than Any Store in Salt Lake. Seeing Is Believing. Come and See the Low Prices at the

Dry Goods Palace

WALKER BROS. & FYLER CO.

THE HERO.

Powerful Heating Furnace in Two Styles—Wrought Steel Tubular Radiator, Cast-Iron Reversible Flue Radiator. Five Sizes HERO for Hot Air and Hot Water, Hard or Soft Coal, Powerful, Durable, Economical. Manufacturers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron.

SALT LAKE HEATING CO.,

312 STATE STREET, RICKETT BUILDING.

Williams, Hoyt & Co's

ROCKY MOUNTAIN.

BOYS, YOUTHS, MISSES, CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS'

SHOES

Are Superior to All Others.

Ask Z. O. M. I. For Them.